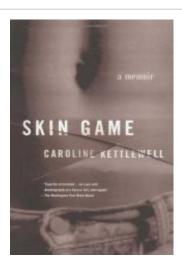
Skin Game

by Caroline Kettlewell



About the Book

"...There was a very fine, an elegant pain, hardly a pain at all, like the swift and fleeting burn of a drop of hot candle wax....Then the blood welled up and began to distort the pure, stark edges of my delicately wrought wound.

The chaos in my head spun itself into a silk of silence. I had distilled myself to the immediacy of hand, blade, blood, flesh."

There are an estimated two to three million "cutters" in America, but experts warn that, as with anorexia, this could be just the tip of the iceberg of those affected by this little-known disorder. Cutting has only just begun to enter public consciousness as a dangerous affliction that tends to take hold of adolescent girls and can last, hidden and untreated, well into adulthood.

Caroline Kettlewell is an intelligent woman with a promising career and a family. She is also a former cutter, and the first person to tell her own story about living with and overcoming the disorder. She grew up in a small town, where her father worked at the local boys' boarding school. As she entered adolescence, the combination of a family where frank discussion was discouraged and life in what seemed like a fishbowl, where she and her sister were practically the only girls the students ever saw, became unbearable for Caroline. She discovered that the only way to find relief from overpowering feelings of self-consciousness, discomfort, and alienation was to physically hurt herself. She began cutting her arms and legs in fifth grade, and continued into her twenties.

Why would a rational person resort to such extreme measures? How did she recognize and overcome her problem? In a memoir startling for its honesty, humor, and poignancy, Caroline Kettlewell offers a clear-eyed account of her own struggle to survive this debilitating affliction.

Discussion Guide

- 1. An increasing number of intimate memoirs?many on ?taboo? or disturbing topics?have appeared in recent years. Proponents argue that literary memoirs can serve as a powerful means of discussing universal themes through personal experience. Critics dub the genre ?confessional? and deride it as symptomatic of a society caught up in uncritical self-absorption. Do you believe there are subjects too personal to put in a book? What is the value of using literary writing to explore highly personal experiences?
- **2.** Kettlewell writes, in Chapter 11, ?There?s probably no critical mass beyond which cutting yourself would ever seem, to most people, like a reasonable choice.? Does she suggest that she believed cutting was a reasonable choice? Could self-injury be argued to be a rational behavior? Does the author suggest it is?
- **3.** Tattooing, body piercing, and even scarification and branding, have become fashionable lately. What is the difference between such body injury in the name of fashion, personal expression, or group identity, and Kettlewell?s self-injury? Is there a difference? If Kettlewell?s self-injury is deemed ?dysfunctional? by mental health experts, should tattooing or other body alteration be thought of in the same way? What about elective plastic surgery?
- **4.** ?So when I discovered the razor blade, if you?ll believe me, cutting was my gesture of hope,? says Kettlewell. In what way did cutting serve as a ?gesture of hope? for the author? Does the author ultimately view self-injury as self-destructive or beneficial? Or is her verdict more ambivalent?
- **5.** ?Anorexia is not for the weak,? the author writes in Chapter 17. Why does starving herself make Kettlewell feel strong? Does our culture place too much value on ?self-control?? Many cultural critics have noted that the standard of female slenderness grows more stringent every year, with everyone from movie stars to Miss America contestants markedly thinner today than they were 20 years ago. What do you think ?thin? stands for in our society? Why is it so valued?
- **6.** The narrative tone, the ?voice? of the book, is often cool, ironic, even humorous?even in the midst of disturbing and unsettling scenes. What impression does the tone serve to give you of the narrator? Does the voice heighten or mute the intensity of the cutting scenes?
- 7. The author never defines a particular ?cause? for her history of self-injury, but rather argues that ?some things are too complex to suffer reduction to a simple equation of why/because.? Do you feel that the book serves as a satisfactory explanation of why the author became a cutter? Do you think the book needs to offer a satisfactory explanation?
- **8.** Kettlewell writes, ?Here?s the part where I?m supposed to have the big epiphany: some climactic confrontation, a couple of weepy scenes, and then the tidy wrap-up, the denouement.? A number of recent memoirs express an ironic self-awareness of the ?conventions? of memoir?in Kettlewell?s case the conventions of a ?recovery? memoir. As you read the book, did you expect the author to overcome self-injury by the end? Would your response to the book have been different if she hadn?t? Does a memoir such as Kettlewell?s have to end on a positive or redeeming note?
- 9. ?Maybe?you have to make your journey and bear its scars,? Kettlewell argues. Is Kettlewell suggesting that there was value in her experience with self-injury? If you could live your own life over again, are there painful incidents you

would willingly relive, or would you choose to avoid them? Scientific advances hold out the promise of ?curing?

emotional disorders such as depression and anxiety. Can you imagine any reasons why a person might choose not to be

?cured??

10. Kettlewell notes at several points in her book that, despite her confused and turmoiled mental state, from all external

appearances she led a ?normal? life. Based on the story she tells, would you agree with her conclusion? If, as in

Kettlewell?s experience, only one aspect of a person?s behavior is notably ?disturbed,? would it be correct to call that

person mentally ill? Do you believe that emotional disorders are caused by experience, biology, or both?

11. ?Memory is faithless like a cheating lover, telling you what you believe is true,? Kettlewell writes. How reliable is

memory? What is the difference between memoir and biography? Between memoir and literary journalism? Since two

different people might have completely different memories of the same event, what defines ?truth? in a memoir?

Imagine how the ?interrogation? scene in Chapter 2 might be different if written by one of the teachers present.

12. ?We all inevitably present a version of ourselves that is a collection of half-truths and exclusions,? Kettlewell writes

at the end of Chapter 16. Do you believe that is true? Are there thoughts you?ve had or facts about yourself that you

would never reveal to anyone? Is it ever possible to be completely honest?

Author Bio

As a young girl--smart, creative, well nloved by her family--Caroline Kettlewell made a terrible discovery: The only way

to gain relief from her overpowering feelings of self-consciousness, discomfort, and alienation was to physically hurt

herself. She began cutting her arms and legs in fifth grade, and continued into her twenties. Why would an intelligent

young woman resort to such extreme measures? The first former cutter to tell her own story about living with and

overcoming the disorder, Caroline Kettlewell has written an unforgettably poignant and shocking memoir of affliction

and survival.

Caroline Kettlewell lives with her husband and their son in Virginia.

Critical Praise

" A surprisingly warm and lyrical evocation of an incredibly complex struggle for survival."

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