

## Please Look After Mom

written by Kyung-Sook Shin, translated by Chi-Young Kim



## **About the Book**

## A Man Asian Literary Prize winner.

When 69-year-old So-nyo is separated from her husband among the crowds of the Seoul subway station, her family begins a desperate search to find her. Yet as long-held secrets and private sorrows begin to reveal themselves, they are forced to wonder: how well did they actually know the woman they called Mom?

Told through the piercing voices and urgent perspectives of a daughter, son, husband and mother, PLEASE LOOK AFTER MOM is at once an authentic picture of contemporary life in Korea and a universal story of family love.

## **Discussion Guide**

- 1. While second-person (?you?) narration is an uncommon mode, it is used throughout the novel?s first section (the tale of the daughter, Chi-hon) and third section (the tale of the husband). What is the effect of this choice? How does it reflect these characters? feelings about Mom? Why do you think Mom is the only character who tells her story in the first person?
- **2.** What do we learn about the relationship between Chi-hon and her mother? What are the particular sources of tension or resentment between them? Why does Chi-hon say to her brother, ?Maybe I?m being punished?? (p. 68)?
- **3.** Why is it significant that Chi-hon is a successful writer, and how does her career affect her position in the family? What does this mean for her relationship to her mother, who is illiterate? How does it happen that her mother begins to treat Chi-hon like ?a guest? when she visits home (p. 17)?
- 4. Mom?s life has been defined by her relationships to others and the needs of her family. When her daughter asks her,

?Did you like to cook?? how does Mom?s reply summarize the divide between her own and her daughter?s generations (p. 57)? How is the generational gap between you and your parents, and/or you and your children, at all similar to, or different from, this one?

- 5. What are some of the reasons for the special bond between the eldest son, Hyong-chol, and his mother?
- **6.** Why does Hyong-chol feel that he has disappointed his mother? Why does she apologize to him when she brings Chihon to live with him (p. 89)? Why do you think he hasn?t achieved his goals (p. 112)?
- **7.** Why is food such a powerful element in Hyong-chol?s memories of his mother?
- **8.** How do you explain the fact that Mom has been seen by various people wearing blue plastic sandals, with her foot badly injured, although when she disappeared she was wearing low-heeled beige sandals (pp. 64, 72, 73, 90, 91)? What do you make of the pharmacist?s story of treating her wounded foot and calling the police (pp. 99?101)? Does Mom?s own narrative solve this mystery?
- 9. The Full Moon Harvest is a festival in which Koreans traditionally return to their family home to honor their ancestors. Hyong-chol reflects that people are now beginning to take holidays out of the country instead, saying, ?Ancestors, I?ll be back? (p. 92). What feelings do memories of their mother?s preparations for the festival stir up in Chihon, Hyong-chol, and their father (pp. 92?98)?
- **10.** Weeks after his wife disappears, her husband discovers that for ten years she has been giving a substantial amount of money --- money their children send her each month ---to an orphanage where she has taken on many responsibilities (pp. 116?21). How does the husband react to this and other surprising discoveries about her life?
- 11. After Mom has gone missing, her husband says to himself, ?Your wife, whom you?d forgotten about for fifty years, was present in your heart? (p. 122). Discuss the pain and regret Mom?s family feels, including in the context of the book?s epigraph from Franz Liszt, ?O love, as long as you can love.? Have they followed this edict successfully? Why do you think Kyung-sook Shin chose this quote to open her story?
- 12. Taking out the burial shrouds his wife had made for the two of them, her husband remembers her wish that he die first: ?Since you?re three years older than me, you should leave three years earlier? (p. 135). What is the effect of the way this passage moves from poignancy to humor and back again? Similarly, how do grief and warmth, even happiness, intertwine as he recalls his wife?s generosity and her hands applying a warm towel to his arthritic knee (p. 140)?
- 13. Do you think Mom?s husband and children would have been able to help her if they had paid her and her illness more attention? Or, given her aversion to the hospital and the way she hid her sickness, was what happens to her inevitable?
- **14.** Discuss the return of Mom as storyteller and narrator in the fourth section. What is inventive about this choice on the author?s part? What surprised you --- and what remained a mystery?
- **15.** How does Mom?s feeling for her younger daughter differ from her feeling for Chi-hon? Why was she able to be more attached to the younger daughter than the elder one (pp. 180-85)? How is the use of the second person here ---

Mom addressing her daughter as ?you? --- different from the use of second person in chapters 1 and 3?

16. What do her children and husband discover about Mom?s life only after she disappears? How do her actions express

her generosity and benevolence? Do you see some of her activities as ways of seeking self-fulfillment? Was she, through

giving to others, taking care of herself?

17. What are we to understand of the fact of Mom?s possibly being spotted, in chapter 2 (?I?m Sorry, Hyong-chol?), in

the various neighborhoods where Hyong-chol has lived in Seoul? In Mom?s own narrative (chapter 4, ?Another

Woman?), what is the connection between herself and the bird her daughter sees ?sitting on the quince tree? (p. 175; see

also p. 170).

18. At the end of the father?s section, he says to his older daughter, ?Please?please look after your mom? (p. 164). How

does Chi-hon carry out this directive? How is it related to her feelings about the Pietà and her purchase of ?rose rosary

beads? at the Vatican (pp. 234?37)?

19. What are the details and cultural references that make this story particularly Korean? What elements make it

universal?

**Author Bio** 

Kyung-Sook Shin is one of South Korea?s most widely read and acclaimed novelists. She is the author of I'LL BE

RIGHT THERE and PLEASE LOOK AFTER MOM, which was a New York Times bestseller and a Man Asian Literary

Prize winner.

**Critical Praise** 

"A mother?s disappearance exposes family consciences, secrets and dependencies . . . An enormous publishing success

in South Korea, this simple portrait of a family shocked into acknowledging the strength and heroic self-sacrifice of the

woman at its center is both universal and socially specific. . . . The narration by four different family members exposes

guilt and insights all around, from unmarried daughter Chi-hon, a novelist, to [the mother] herself. Partly a metaphor for

Korea?s social shift from rural to urban, partly an elegy to the intensity of family bonds as constructed and maintained

by self-denying women, this is tender writing."

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