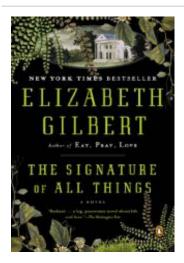


The Signature of All Things

by Elizabeth Gilbert



About the Book

In THE SIGNATURE OF ALL THINGS, Elizabeth Gilbert returns to fiction, inserting her inimitable voice into an enthralling story of love, adventure and discovery. Spanning much of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, the novel follows the fortunes of the extraordinary Whittaker family as led by the enterprising Henry Whittaker --- a poor-born Englishman who makes a great fortune in the South American quinine trade, eventually becoming the richest man in Philadelphia. Born in 1800, Henry?s brilliant daughter, Alma (who inherits both her father?s money and his mind), ultimately becomes a botanist of considerable gifts herself. As Alma?s research takes her deeper into the mysteries of evolution, she falls in love with a man named Ambrose Pike who makes incomparable paintings of orchids and who draws her in the exact opposite direction --- into the realm of the spiritual, the divine and the magical. Alma is a clear-minded scientist; Ambrose a utopian artist --- but what unites this unlikely couple is a desperate need to understand the workings of this world and the mechanisms behind all life.

Exquisitely researched and told at a galloping pace, THE SIGNATURE OF ALL THINGS soars across the globe --from London to Peru to Philadelphia to Tahiti to Amsterdam, and beyond. Along the way, the story is peopled with
unforgettable characters: missionaries, abolitionists, adventurers, astronomers, sea captains, geniuses, and the quite mad.
But most memorable of all, it is the story of Alma Whittaker, who --- born in the Age of Enlightenment, but living well
into the Industrial Revolution --- bears witness to that extraordinary moment in human history when all the old
assumptions about science, religion, commerce and class were exploding into dangerous new ideas. Written in the bold,
questing spirit of that singular time, Gilbert?s wise, deep and spellbinding tale is certain to capture the hearts and minds
of readers.

Discussion Guide

1. The Signature of All Things takes as its first focus not the book?s heroine, Alma Whittaker, but her rough-and-tumble

father, Henry. Why do you think Elizabeth Gilbert made this choice in her narration, and why are the first fifty pages essential to the rest of the novel?

- 2. Alma Whittaker grows up in the richest family in Philadelphia. In what ways does her father?s fortune set her free? In what ways is it a prison?
- 3. How does Alma resemble her father? In what crucial ways do they differ?
- 4. What role is played in the novel by the Whittakers? servant Hanneke de Groot? In what ways is her perspective essential to the story?
- 5. Alma postulates that there exist a variety of times, ranging from Human Time to Divine Time, with Geological Time and Moss Time as points in between (pp. 170?71). How might these different notions of time help to relate the world of science to the world of miracles? Is the miracle of creation just a natural process that took a very long time?
- 6. Gilbert plays with perspective, not only as it relates to time, but also as it relates to space. During the course of the novel, Alma must adapt to dealing with microscopic space as well as global space. At one point, when she plays the part of a comet in a tableau of the solar system, she even becomes figuratively a part of outer space. How do Gilbert?s manipulations of space enrich the experience of reading the novel?
- 7. Instead of representing Prudence?s abolitionist husband, Arthur Dixon, as an unambiguous hero, Gilbert presents him as a somewhat cracked fanatic, who impoverishes and even endangers his family in the name of an idea. What do you think of Gilbert?s decision to place the cause of abolitionism, which modern thinkers usually find almost impossible to criticize, in the hands of an asocial, self-denying oddball?
- 8. One of the more unsettling themes of The Signature of All Things is Alma?s habitual masturbation. How does her autoeroticism fit into the rest of the novel, and is the book strengthened or weakened by its presence?
- 9. Alma?s decision to devote her life to studying mosses is compared to a ?religious conversion? (p. 163). In The Signature of All Things, science and religion often intertwine. Are they ever finally reconciled? If so, how? If not, why not?
- 10. Alma?s husband, Ambrose Pike, offers her a marriage filled with deep respect, spiritual love, intellectual adventure?and positively no sex. Should she have been contented with this arrangement?
- 11. On pages 319?20, Alma takes ?an honest accounting? of her life thus far. At this point in her life, is she a success or a failure? What are the arguments on either side of the question? What are your own criteria for a life well lived?
- 12. As Alma sails toward Tahiti, the whaler that carries her is nearly sunk by a storm. She feels that this brush with violent death was ?the happiest experience of her life? (p. 336). Why might she think this, and what does it tell us about her character?
- 13. Ambrose?s spirituality eventually destroys him, whereas that of the Reverend Welles, the Tahitian missionary, enables him to cope with isolation and professional failure. What is the difference between the two men?s spiritual

understandings? Why is one vision destructive and the other saving?

14. Alma claims at the end of the novel, ?I have never felt a need to invent a world beyond this world. . . . All I ever wanted to know was this world? (p. 497). How has this limitation to her curiosity helped her? Has it harmed her?

Author Bio

Elizabeth Gilbert is the #1 *New York Times* bestselling author of the novels CITY OF GIRLS, THE SIGNATURE OF ALL THINGS and STERN MEN; the story collection PILGRIMS; and the nonfiction books ALL THE WAY TO THE RIVER, BIG MAGIC, EAT PRAY LOVE, COMMITTED and THE LAST AMERICAN MAN. A finalist for the National Book Award, the National Book Critics Circle Award, and the PEN/Hemingway Award, Gilbert began her career as a journalist.

The Signature of All Things

by Elizabeth Gilbert

Publication Date: June 24, 2014 **Genres:** Fiction, Historical Fiction

Paperback: 512 pages
Publisher: Penguin Books
ISBN-10: 0143125842
ISBN-13: 9780143125846