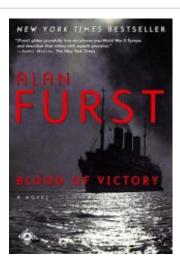
Blood of Victory

by Alan Furst



About the Book

In the autumn of 1940, Russian émigré journalist I. A. Serebin is recruited in Istanbul by an agent of the British secret services for a clandestine operation to stop German importation of Romanian oil?a last desperate attempt to block Hitler's conquest of Europe. Serebin's race against time begins in Bucharest and leads him to Paris, the Black Sea, Beirut, and, finally, Belgrade; his task is to attack the oil barges that fuel German tanks and airplanes. Blood of Victory is a novel with the heart-pounding suspense, extraordinary historical accuracy, and narrative immediacy we have come to expect from Alan Furst.

Discussion Guide

- 1. The title **Blood of Victory** comes from a speech given by a French senator at a conference on oil in 1918: "Oil, the blood of the earth, has become, in time of war, the blood of victory." Describe the role that oil plays in Furst's novel. How would you say the relationship between oil and war has changed over time? Given America's relationship with the Middle East since World War II, to what extent would you say oil is now the cause of war?
- **2.** During Serebin's meeting with "Bastien" (Count Polanyi), Bastien describes the moral ambiguity of espionage in these terms: "People who trust you will get hurt. Is a dead Hitler worth it?" Consider Serebin's response to this question. What moral calculus must be perform to answer this sort of question? How would you respond to the same question?
- **3.** At lunch at the Hotel Helvetia, Kostyka proclaims, "For every man there are three cities. The city of his birth, the city he loves, and the city where he must live." Discuss this themes of alienation and exile as they appear in **Blood of Victory**. Does Kostyka's pronouncement hold true for the characters in the novel?

4. In **Blood of Victory**, I. A. Serebin finds himself facing the prospect of his fifth war. Why doesn't Serebin want to fight

again? Why does he choose, ultimately, to fight? In the end, does it matter that he has?

5. In an unguarded moment in the Tic Tac Club, Marie-Galante is shown to be a French patriot. Would you say Serebin

is a patriot? If so, for which nation? Is Polanyi? Is Kostyka?

6. Critics praise Furst's ability to re-create the atmosphere of World War II?era Europe. What elements of description

make the setting come alive? How can you account for the fact that the settings seem authentic even though you

probably have no firsthand knowledge of the times and places he writes about?

7. Furst's novels have been described as "historical novels," and as "spy novels." He calls them "historical spy novels."

Some critics have insisted that they are, simply, novels. How does his work compare with other spy novels you've read?

What does he do that is the same? Different? If you owned a bookstore, in what section would you display his books?

8. Furst is often praised for his minor characters, which have been described as "sketched out in a few strokes." Do you

have a favorite in the book? Characters in his books often take part in the action for a few pages and then disappear.

What do you think becomes of them? How do you know?

9. At the end of an Alan Furst novel, the hero is always still alive. What becomes of Furst's heroes? Will they survive the

war? Does Furst know what becomes of them? Would it be better if they were somewhere safe and sound, to live out the

end of the war in comfort? If not, why not?

10. Love affairs are always prominent in Furst's novels, and "love in a time of war" is a recurring theme. Do you think

these affairs might last, and lead to marriage and domesticity?

Author Bio

Alan Furst, widely recognized as the master of the historical spy novel, is the author of A HERO OF FRANCE,

MIDNIGHT IN EUROPE, MISSION TO PARIS and many other bestsellers. Born in New York, he lived for many

years in Paris, and now lives on Long Island.

Critical Praise

"Densely atmospheric and genuinely romantic, the novel is most reminiscent of the Hollywood films of the forties, when

moral choices were rendered not in black-and-white but in smoky shades of gray."

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Publication Date: May 13, 2003

Paperback: 246 pages

Publisher: Random House

ISBN-10: 0812968727

ISBN-13: 9780812968729